# Sustainable catchment management? Making progress in established programmes

#### **Catchment Sensitive Farming**

Bob Middleton Natural England







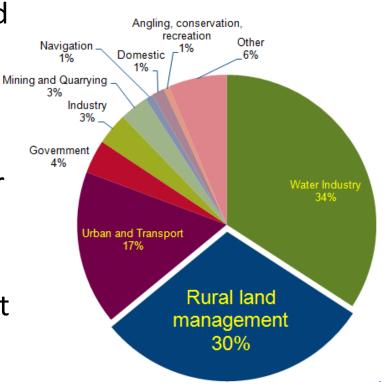




#### The issue

Impacts from agriculture are large and widespread:

- Rural land management issues account for 30% of all reasons for not achieving Good Ecological Status
- 79% of all rural land management issues are from agriculture





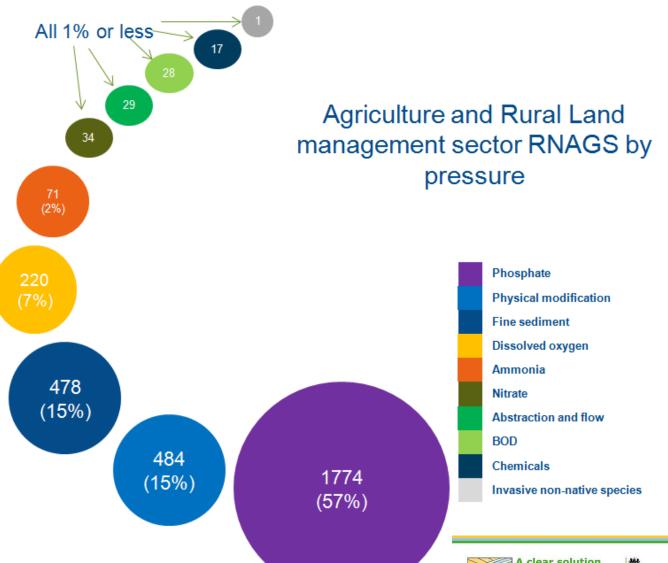








#### The Issue



Impacts are significant and widespread



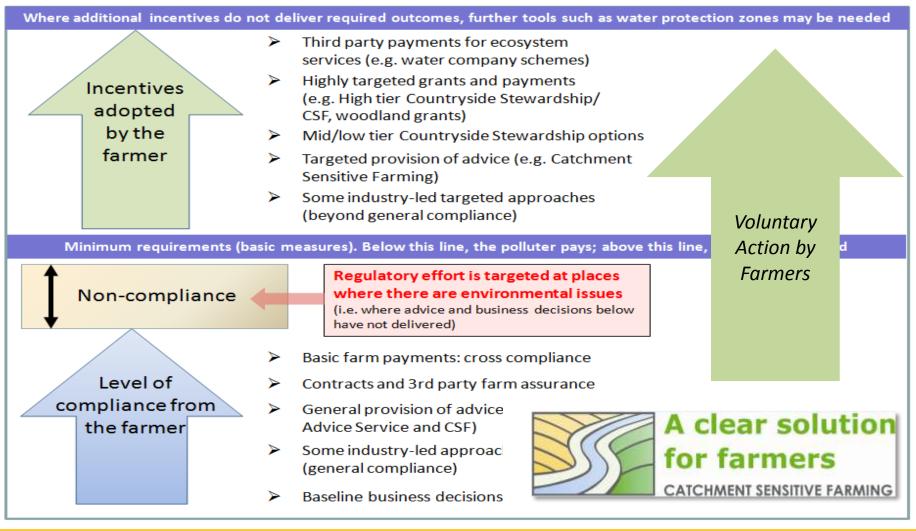








#### Farming and the water environment – the delivery landscape





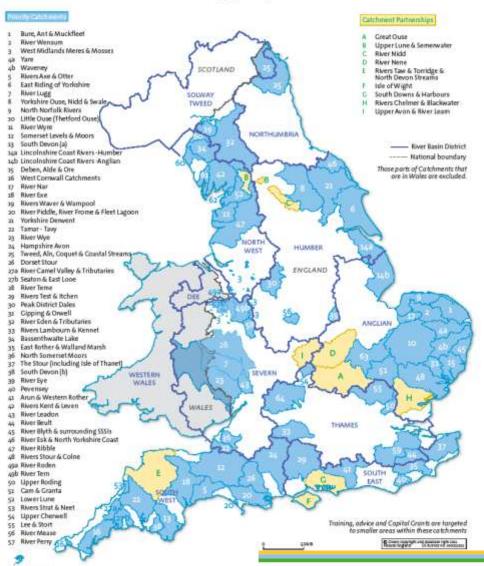








#### Catchment Sensitive Farming (CSF) catchments



CSF started in 2006 we are working on a new phase of work from 2016.

CSF works in 77 catchments:

66 CSFO led 11 led by partners

We work in the highest priority catchments only focussed on WFD Protected Areas and areas protected for biodiversity.

Approaches in each catchment are tailored to the local circumstances.



Rivers Medway & Eden

60 West Cumbrian Catchments

River Duddon

River Keer

Lower Ouse Catswolds























#### How is CSF Delivered?

Catchment Steering Group CSF Officers and partners Capital CS Land **CSFO** Ext Other Evidence Comms **Partners** Grants Advice Advice Man projects **Targeted Farmers Targeted Farmers Targeted Farmers** 











### **Evaluation Strategy**







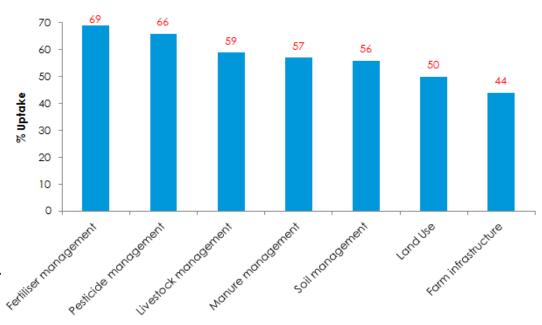






## Advice Uptake

- 62% uptake of measures
- Affected by time, cost, farm type, location & nature of advice
- 46% uptake within 3 years vs. 70% uptake at 4+ years
- 71% uptake of costsaving vs. 56% uptake of net-cost measures













#### Farmer Awareness

#### Farmers in CSF catchments:

58% are aware of CSF

Of those farmers engaged by CSF:

- 90% trust their CSFO
- 90% indicate their understanding of water pollution has improved













#### **Farmer Motivations**

- 67% engaged farmers motivated to reduce water pollution
- Key drivers for action:
  - free advice, expertise & soil analysis
  - capital grant scheme
  - help with nutrient and fertiliser management plans
- CSF has allowed farmers to:
  - implement planned changes
  - keep up with existing, or ahead of future potential, regulations







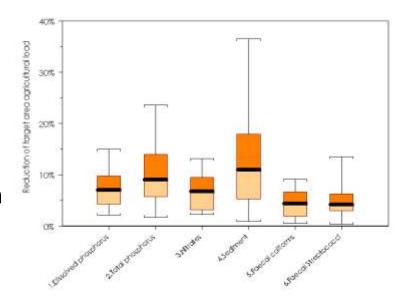






### Reductions in pollution

- Reduce agricultural pollutant losses 4 -12%.
- Equates to in-river pollutant reductions of 3 -7 %.
- Most effective for sediment <36%.</li>
   Reductions in agricultural dissolved P in-river concentrations < 25%.</li>
- CSF is making a significant contribution to meeting proportional targets within priority Bathing Waters, Natura 2000 Protected Areas, SSSIs and WFD water bodies.







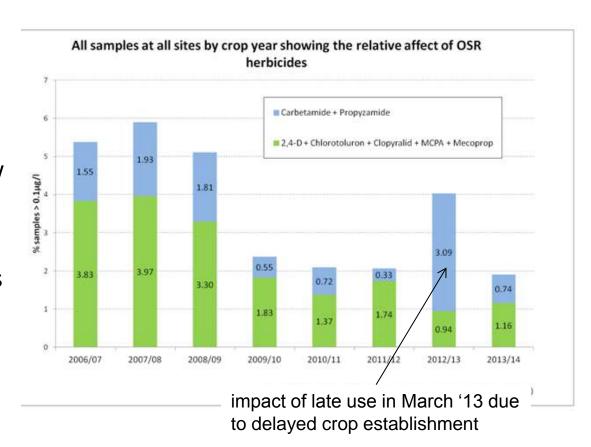






#### **Pesticide Reductions**

- 50% reduction in load & samples > 0.1 μg/l
- De-coupling of load & flow
- Increased usage + more intense OSR cropping
- Advice to 260 agronomists
- Grants at 65 farms



(2 x weekly sampling at 6 sites since 2006)





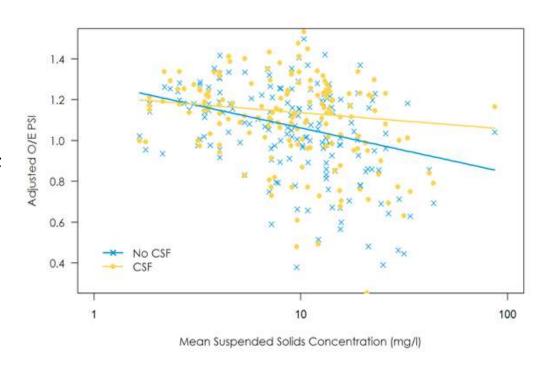






# **Ecological Changes**

- Assessment of EA habitat data across 62 CSF catchments.
- Examined trends in ecological status
- Evidence of improved ecological status following CSF activity, particularly at more polluted sites.
- The strongest response was evident for PSI –metric of sediment stress











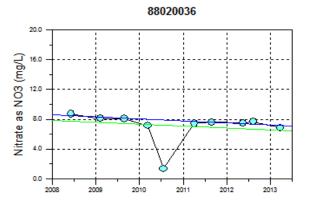


#### **Groundwater Assessment**

 CSF should make a significant contribution to nitrate reductions

 48% of groundwater sites showing decreasing trends post-CSF









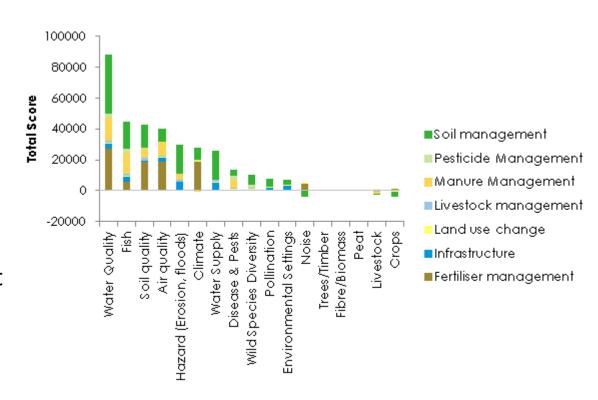






### **Ecosystem Services**

- Significant benefits for fisheries, soils, hazards, climate & water supply
- Potential to enhance targeting to maximise benefits, but local context is critical















#### **New Tools**

- New Countryside Stewardship agrienvironment scheme.
- Water quality and key priority: 20% plus
   25% for 'synergies' water and biodiversity.
- Opportunities for land management and capital work together in 1 year or 5 years plans.
- Brings new ways of working: water led land management agreements and new options.
- Also, new advice products under advice contract.







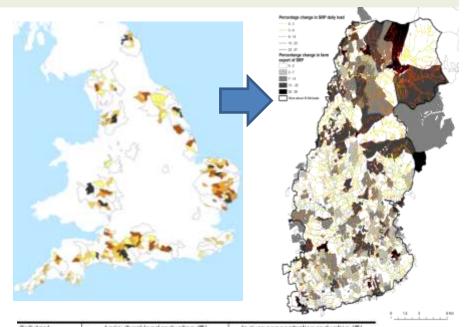






### **Optimising Outcomes**

- Optimised scenario indicates where potential effect of CSF is the greatest
- Modelling developed to show where current CSF reductions are close to theoretical maximum
- Strong spatial variation to benefits



Pollutant	Agricultural load reduction (%)			In-river concentration reduction (%)		
	Current	Optimised	Maximum	Current	Optimized	Maximum
Dissolved phospharus	7	24	58	7	24	49
Total phosphorus	9	33	68	7.	29	49
Mitale	- 6	29	64	3	3.6	39
Sediment	12	47	82	5	21	34
Faecal collforms	4	28	63	3	15	33
Faecal stréptococci	4	2)	67	3	16	37







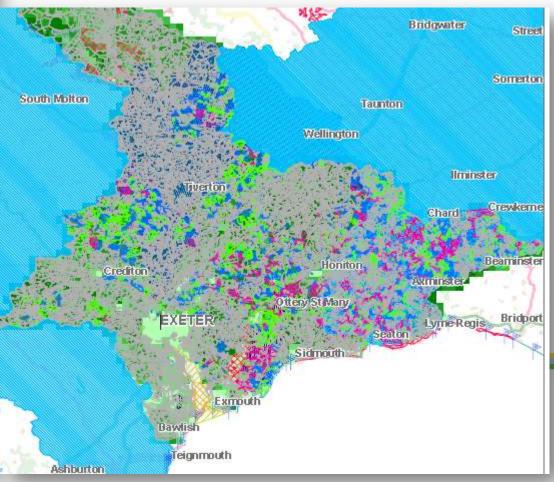






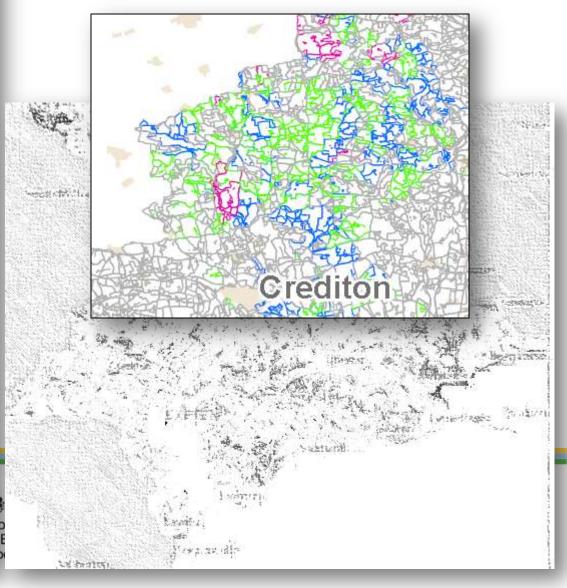
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#### **Optimising Outcomes**



#### Catchment appraisal Colonial (III) delawacan Edmandi Wallingson Intermoute Ash burlon Eu ahfa chaigh Managementunits Protected Areas load Estimates W 10 Management Carchineris Agri F load (kg peryr) Sohrphoci ecolers C3+ Cochmen Corch (in impacted by Apacultus CCS large: Acas III 0 th th On salegues diveres Made or c 1970 two hospitedes - topto 20 0 Kin M. Min safeguard renes \* detex 3hellah (naren - Devoted Ewel Herweit Agri Sediment load (kg per yr) 3334 Sec anes web Din F IDWEST Agri-Environment Special Agins of Consewarion Form Holdings C3 high priority band 3 pecial Provideron Areas Moderore =: Salute/FIO Time of Travel (days) - Aphey Leachable Agri N load (kgper yr) -1,1-1,4 - 40 in high passing cases IDWEST -13-12 C Priority Areco Man which the state of the A code rose -24-77 right Moderate Diesel acas -30-184 #ghey

#### **Optimising Outcomes**



# Social Situation

Individual farmer

Group of farmers

Wider community groups inc farmers



# Resources $\infty$ Social Relationships

# Social Mechanisms

# Social Outcomes

GOOD

BAD

UGLY

# Deepening our engagement

Environmental
Outcomes
depend on
Social Outcomes

We need the evidence to prioritise the most effective Social Mechanisms

#### Deepening our engagement

Custodians (23%) Lifestyle choice (6%) Pragmatists (22%) Modern family business (41%)

Challenged enterprises (7%)



Not main source of income. Tradition and a pleasure Balanced approach.
Emotional
connection with
farming but
recognise need to
focus on business

Family success and income. Financial planning important

Farming is a burden and a struggle. Isolated and pessimistic for future

#### How to engage?

- Respect
- Partnership working towards mutual benefits
- Protecting the future
   More emotive, sensitive to needs, not directive but an inclusive approach

#### How to engage?

- Business-focussed
  - Productivity
  - Input costs

More rational and pragmatic – hard facts Need concrete reasons to pay attention

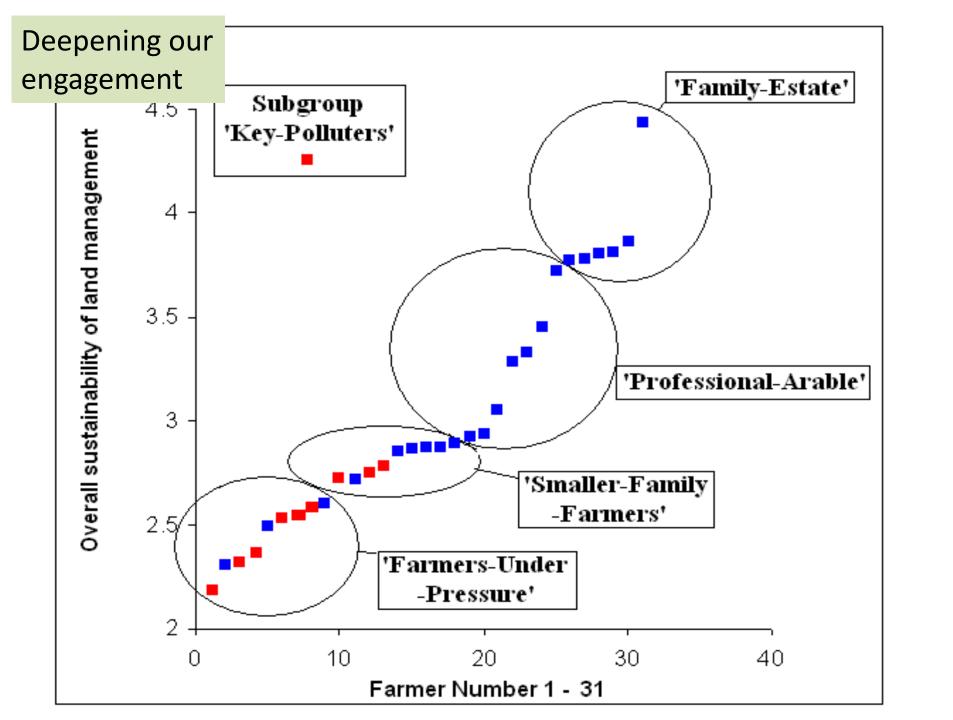


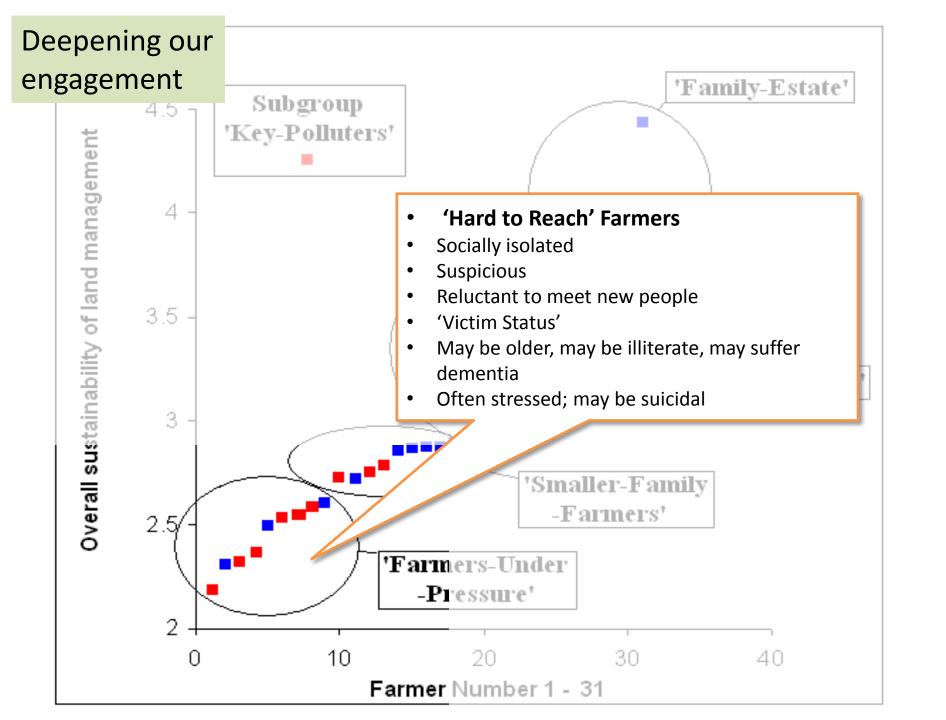










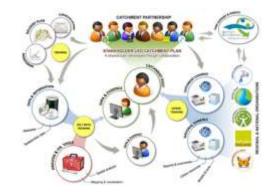


## Working together

Develop genuine partnership approaches that:



- Develop current and past work
- Maximise available resources
- Simplify and co-ordinate messages to farmers and catchment communities.
- Maximise use of available mechanisms.
- Have long-term impacts.
- Are sustainable over the long term.







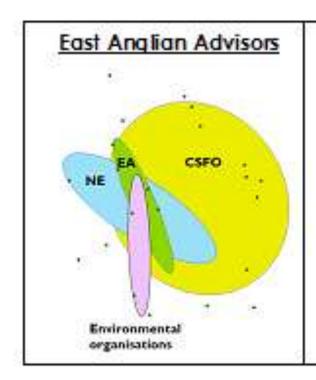


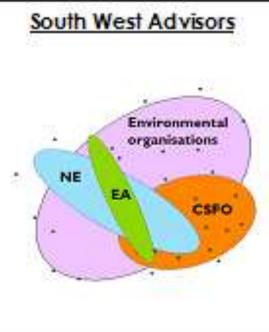


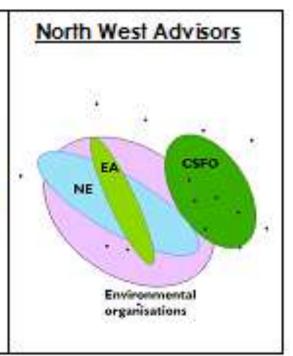




# Working together

















#### **Critical factors**

- Farmer awareness
- Range of delivery options
- Effective farmer relationships
- Robust evidence base
- Motivating farmers
- Changing attitudes
- Adaptable approach
- Advice supported by grants
- Advice uptake



Source: LEAF











